



Premium Restorer Wax

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

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Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Premium Restorer Wax

Product Code: 860XX

Intended Use of the Product

Polish

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Starbrite® Inc.

4041 SW 47th Avenue

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314

(954)587-6280

www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Carc. 1 H350

STOT SE 3 H336

STOT RE 1 H372

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)



Signal Word (GHS-US/CA)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA)

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation) if converted to small inhalable particles during further processing, or by other means.
H372 - Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation), if converted to small inhalable particles during further processing, or by other means.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

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P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. Inhalation of fumes from overheating PTFE may cause polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like illness with fever, chills and sometimes cough.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Not applicable

Mixture

| Name | Product Identifier | % * | GHS Ingredient Classification |
|--|----------------------|---------|---|
| Kerosine, petroleum** | (CAS-No.) 8008-20-6 | 15 - 30 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light** | (CAS-No.) 64742-47-8 | 3 - 7 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| Quartz** | (CAS-No.) 14808-60-7 | 3 - 7 | Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 |
| Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated, reaction products with trimethoxymethylsilane and N-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine** | (CAS-No.) 69430-37-1 | 0.1 - 1 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene** | (CAS-No.) 9002-84-0 | 0.1 - 1 | Comb. Dust |

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

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*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

** The actual concentration of ingredient(s) is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause cancer if dust particles from processing are inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if dust particles from processing are inhaled. Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer if dust particles from processing are inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if dust particles from processing are inhaled.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion Hazard: May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Silicon oxides. Acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

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For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Inhalation of fumes from overheating PTFE may cause polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like illness with fever, chills and sometimes cough. Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust, or fumes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s)

Polish

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures) |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | | |
| Mexico | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter) |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen |
| USA OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 50 µg/m ³ |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) |
| USA IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m ³) | 50 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) |

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| | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate) |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable) |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter) |
| New Brunswick | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter) |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter) |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.1 mg/m ³ (designated substances regulation-respirable) |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.025 mg/m ³ (respirable particulate matter) |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 0.1 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0.05 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| Yukon | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 300 particle/mL |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0) | | |
| Québec | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 2.5 mg/m ³ (decomposition products) |
| Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6) | | |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total hydrocarbon vapor) |
| USA ACGIH | ACGIH chemical category | Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans |
| USA NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 100 mg/m ³ |
| Alberta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ |
| British Columbia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures) |
| Manitoba | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total Hydrocarbon vapor) |
| Newfoundland & Labrador | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total Hydrocarbon vapor) |
| Nova Scotia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total Hydrocarbon vapor) |
| Nunavut | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 250 mg/m ³ |
| Nunavut | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 250 mg/m ³ |
| Northwest Territories | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ |
| Ontario | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (restricted to conditions where there is negligible aerosol exposure) |
| Prince Edward Island | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ (application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures-total Hydrocarbon vapor) |
| Saskatchewan | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 250 mg/m ³ |
| Saskatchewan | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 200 mg/m ³ |

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment.

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Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

| | |
|--|--|
| Physical State | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Not available |
| Odor | : Characteristic |
| Odor Threshold | : Not available |
| pH | : 9.3 |
| Evaporation Rate | : Not available |
| Melting Point | : Not available |
| Freezing Point | : Not available |
| Boiling Point | : Not available |
| Flash Point | : 58.9 °C (138.02 °F) Does not sustain combustion according to ASTM D 4206 |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | : Not available |
| Decomposition Temperature | : Not available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not applicable |
| Lower Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Upper Flammable Limit | : Not available |
| Vapor Pressure | : Not available |
| Relative Vapor Density at 20°C | : Not available |
| Relative Density | : Not available |
| Specific Gravity | : 1.017 |
| Solubility | : Not available |
| Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water | : Not available |
| Viscosity | : Not available |
| Viscosity, Kinematic | : 5000 - 11500 cSt |

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Sulfur oxides. Black smoke. Hydrogen fluoride.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

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Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

pH: 9.3

Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 9.3

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation) if converted to small inhalable particles during further processing, or by other means.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation) if converted to small inhalable particles during further processing, or by other means.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: May cause cancer if dust particles from processing are inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if dust particles from processing are inhaled.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

| | |
|---|---|
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 5.3 mg/l/4h |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me (63148-62-9) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 24 g/kg |
| Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6) | |
| LD50 Oral Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| LD50 Dermal Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| LC50 Inhalation Rat | > 5.28 mg/l/4h |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
| IARC Group | 1 |
| National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status | Known Human Carcinogens. |
| OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List | In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list. |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0) | |
| IARC Group | 3 |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not applicable.

| | |
|---|--|
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | 45 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
| LC50 Fish 2 | 2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static]) |
| Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6) | |
| LC50 Fish 1 | 2 (2 - 5) mg/kg (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static]) |
| NOEC Chronic Fish | 0.098 mg/l (PETROTOX, Klimmish score: 2) |

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Persistence and Degradability

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Premium Restorer Wax | |
| Persistence and Degradability | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |

Bioaccumulative Potential

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Premium Restorer Wax | |
| Bioaccumulative Potential | Not established. |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | |
| BCF Fish 1 | 61 - 159 |

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

| | |
|--|---|
| Premium Restorer Wax | |
| SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes | Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated, reaction products with trimethoxymethylsilane and N-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (69430-37-1) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Reporting Rule, i.e, Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(C)). |
| Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |
| EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag | XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Reporting Rule, i.e, Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(C)). |
| Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6) | |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory | |

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US State Regulations

| | |
|--|---|
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. |
| Methyl alcohol (67-56-1) | |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects. |
| Diethanolamine (111-42-2) | |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. |
| Naphthalene (91-20-3) | |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. |
| Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8) | |
| U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour | |
| U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual | |
| U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term | |
| U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term | |
| Quartz (14808-60-7) | |
| U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations | |
| U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs) | |
| U.S. - Idaho - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts | |
| U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens | |
| U.S. - Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants | |
| U.S. - Maine - Chemicals of High Concern | |
| RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List | |
| U.S. - Michigan - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern | |
| U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List | |
| U.S. - Minnesota - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour | |
| U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual | |
| RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List | |
| U.S. - New Jersey - Special Health Hazards Substances List | |
| U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts | |
| U.S. - New York - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| U.S. - Oregon - Permissible Exposure Limits - Mineral Dusts | |
| U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups | |
| RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List | |
| U.S. - Tennessee - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term | |
| U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term | |
| U.S. - Vermont - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - STELs | |
| U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs | |
| Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6) | |
| U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (30 min) | |
| U.S. - Connecticut - Hazardous Air Pollutants - HLVs (8 hr) | |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 | |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Groundwater Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2 | |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Reportable Quantity | |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 1 | |

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U.S. - Massachusetts - Oil & Hazardous Material List - Soil Reportable Concentration - Reporting Category 2
 RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - Minnesota - Chemicals of High Concern
 U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - 24-Hour
 U.S. - New Hampshire - Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants - Ambient Air Levels (AALs) - Annual
 U.S. - New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances
 U.S. - New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Substances List
 RTK - U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - North Dakota - Air Pollutants - Guideline Concentrations - 8-Hour
 U.S. - California - Safer Consumer Products - Initial List of Candidate Chemicals and Chemical Groups
 RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
 U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
 U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Siloxanes and Silicones, dimethyl, hydroxy-terminated, reaction products with trimethoxymethylsilane and N-[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]-1,2-ethanediamine (69430-37-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Kerosine, petroleum (8008-20-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 06/08/2018

Revision

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Aquatic Acute 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Acute 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard Category 1 |
| Carc. 1 | Carcinogenicity, Category 1 |
| Carc. 1A | Carcinogenicity Category 1A |
| Comb. Dust | Combustible Dust |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | Flammable liquids Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liquids Category 3 |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 |
| STOT RE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 |
| STOT SE 3 | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapor |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways |

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| | |
|------|--|
| H315 | Causes skin irritation |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness |
| H350 | May cause cancer |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H401 | Toxic to aquatic life |
| H402 | Harmful to aquatic life |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (Can, US, Mex)