

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Section 1. Identification

### Manufacturer/Supplier

Starbrite® Inc.  
4041 SW 47th Avenue  
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314  
(954)587-6280  
www.starbrite.com

### Emergency telephone number

US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

### Product name Code

EPOXY PUTTY STICK  
9031XX

### Specific uses

Sealants and adhesives

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### GHS label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

Warning!

#### Hazard statements

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Precautionary statements

##### Prevention

Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing dust. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

##### Response

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

##### Storage

Not applicable.

##### Disposal

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Hazards not otherwise classified

None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	5 - 10	25068-38-6
titanium dioxide	5 - 10	13463-67-7
crystalline silica non-respirable	0.1 - 1	14808-60-7

### Canada

Name	CAS number	%
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	14807-96-6	30 - 60
glass, oxide, chemicals	65997-17-3	10 - 30
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	25068-38-6	5 - 10
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10
crystalline silica non-respirable	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	112-24-3	0.1 - 1

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

#### Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

##### Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

##### Skin contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

##### Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

<b>Inhalation</b>	No specific data.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
<b>Eye contact</b>	No specific data.
<b>Ingestion</b>	No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

<b>Notes to physician</b>	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
<b>Specific treatments</b>	No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** No specific fire or explosion hazard.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**For emergency responders** If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
crystalline silica non-respirable	14808-60-7	<b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).</b> TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust <b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 250/(%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5)</b> TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable <b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 10/(SiO<sub>2</sub>+2)</b> TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

### NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

### OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 30/(%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2)

TWA: 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form: Total dust.

### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	Notations
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	ON 1/2013	0.5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	US AIHA 10/2011	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	AB 4/2009	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	BC 4/2012	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
		-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
crystalline silica non-respirable	ON 1/2013	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	QC 12/2012	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[d]
	BC 4/2012	-	0.025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[e]
	ON 1/2013	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[f]
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	QC 12/2012	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[g]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[h]
	BC 4/2012	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[e]
		-	-	0.1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
glass, oxide, chemicals	ON 1/2013	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[f]
		-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[i]
		-	-	2 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	QC 12/2012	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[g]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[j]
	US ACGIH 3/2012	-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[k]
	AB 4/2009	-	5	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[l]
		-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[m]
	BC 4/2012	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[n]
		-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	ON 1/2013	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[o]
	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[p]	
	-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[q]	
QC 12/2012	-	-	1 f/cc	-	-	-	-	-	-	[r]	
	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[c]	

[1]Absorbed through skin.

**Form:** [a]Respirable dust [b]Total dust [c]Total dust. [d]Respirable fraction [e]Respirable [f]Respirable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited in the gas-exchange region of the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 4 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency. [g]Respirable dust. [h] Respirable particulate [i]The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1 per cent crystalline silica. [j] Inhalable fraction [k]Respirable fibers: length greater than 5 µm; aspect ratio equal to or greater than 3:1 as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification (4-mm objective) phase contrast illumination. [l]Fibres [m]Fibres, total particulate [n]Inhalable [o]Fiber [p]Inhalable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 100 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency. [q]Respirable fibres: length > 5µm; aspect ratio ≥3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450 times magnification (4-mm objective), using phase-contrast illumination. [r]RESPIRABLE FIBRES (other than respirable asbestos fibres) : Objects, other than respirable asbestos fibres, longer than 5 µm, having a diameter of less than 3 µm and a ratio of length to diameter of more than 3 :1.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b>Individual protection measures</b>	
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
<b>Body protection</b>	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Other skin protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	Solid.
<b>Color</b>	Green.-White.
<b>Odor</b>	Sulfurous. Pungent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	Not available.
<b>Boiling point</b>	Decomposition temperature: >200°C (>392°F)
<b>Flash point</b>	Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F) [Setaflash.] [Product does not sustain combustion.]
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	1.972
<b>Solubility</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility in water</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	>200°C (>392°F)
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	No specific data.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	No specific data.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

No specific data.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-

#### Sensitization

No specific data.

#### Mutagenicity

No specific data.

#### Carcinogenicity

No specific data.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
crystalline silica non-respirable	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

### Reproductive toxicity

No specific data.

### Teratogenicity

No specific data.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No specific data.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No specific data.

### Aspiration hazard

No specific data.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

#### Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Inhalation

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

#### Skin contact

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Ingestion

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### Eye contact

No specific data.

#### Inhalation

No specific data.

#### Skin contact

Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness

#### Ingestion

No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

##### Potential immediate effects

Not available.

##### Potential delayed effects

Not available.

#### Long term exposure

##### Potential immediate effects

Not available.

##### Potential delayed effects

Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

No specific data.

#### General

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Teratogenicity</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Fertility effects</b>	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

No specific data.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

No specific data.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	2.64 to 3.78	31	low
titanium dioxide	-	352	low

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** Not available.

**Other adverse effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**RCRA classification** Not available.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-

**Special precautions for user**      **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### United States

#### U.S. Federal regulations

**TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** Siloxanes and Silicones, di-Me, reaction products with silica

**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** phenol

**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** phenol

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**      Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances**      Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances**      Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
phenol	0.1 - 1	Yes.	500 / 10000	-	1000	-

**SARA 304 RQ**      272182.9 lbs / 123571 kg

### SARA 311/312

**Classification**      Immediate (acute) health hazard

#### Composition/information on ingredients

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin	5 - 10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
titanium dioxide	5 - 10	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
crystalline silica non-respirable	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

### State regulations

#### Massachusetts

The following components are listed: MINERAL WOOL FIBER; SOAPSTONE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE

#### New York

None of the components are listed.

#### New Jersey

The following components are listed: SILICA, QUARTZ; QUARTZ (SiO<sub>2</sub>); SOAPSTONE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Pennsylvania

The following components are listed: QUARTZ (SiO<sub>2</sub>); SOAPSTONE DUST; TITANIUM OXIDE (TiO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Minnesota Hazardous Substances

None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Talc , not containing asbestiform fibres	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
titanium dioxide	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
crystalline silica non-respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

### Canada

#### WHMIS (Canada)

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

#### Canadian lists

##### Canadian NPRI

None of the components are listed.

##### CEPA Toxic substances

None of the components are listed.

#### Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

#### International lists

**Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory:** Not determined.

**Korea inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

**Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register):** Not determined.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** Not determined.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS):** Not determined.

**Taiwan inventory (CSNN):** Not determined.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

## Section 16. Other information

### Key to abbreviations

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
UN = United Nations

### References

Not available.

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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