

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name: Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Product Code: 982XX

Intended Use of the Product

Lubricant

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Star brite Inc.

4041 SW 47th Avenue

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33314

(954)587-6280

www.starbrite.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : US: (800) 424-9300; International: (703) 527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Sens. 1 H317

Carc. 1B H350

Repr. 2 H361

STOT RE 1 H372

Asp. Tox. 1 H304

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H350 - May cause cancer.
 H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
 P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.
 P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
 P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
 P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
 P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
 P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
 P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other Hazards Not available

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic	(CAS No) 64742-55-8	90.5	Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Naphthalenesulfonic acid, dinonyl-, calcium salt	(CAS No) 57855-77-3	1.6 - 2.4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	(CAS No) 64742-54-7	0.58 - 0.88	Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1)	(CAS No) 471-34-1	0.4 - 0.8	Not classified
Polytetrafluoroethylene	(CAS No) 9002-84-0	0.09 - 0.19	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Exposure may produce an allergic reaction. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause slight irritation to eyes, respiratory tract, and/or skin.

Inhalation: Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

Skin Contact: Exposure may produce an allergic reaction. May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive, however, formation of explosive air-vapour mixture is possible.

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do NOT breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material, then place in suitable container. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely.

Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Precautions for Safe Handling: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Specific End Use(s) Lubricant

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass) 10 mg/m ³ (total mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass) 10 mg/m ³ (total mass)

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	30 mppcf 10 mg/m ³
Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	2.5 mg/m ³ (decomposition products; determine quantitatively the decomposition products in the air and express the results as Fluorides)

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits indicated below. All electrical equipment should comply with the National Electric Code.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gloves. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Wear fire/ flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Brown
Odor	: Characteristic
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Evaporation Rate	: Not available
Melting Point	: Not available
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: > 200 °C (392 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available
Relative Density	: 0.862 g/mL (water = 1)
Specific Gravity	: Not available
Solubility	: Insoluble in water.
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Reacts with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire.

Chemical Stability: Flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Heat. Sparks.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

ID50 and IC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. (The petroleum distillates in this product (CAS # 64742-54-7 and 64742-65-0) have been highly refined by a variety of processes to reduce aromatics and improve performance characteristics. It meets the IP-346 criteria of less than 3 percent PAH's and is not considered a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Reproductive Toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Exposure may produce an allergic reaction. May cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic Symptoms: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

ID50 and IC50 Data:

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
IC50 Inhalation Rat	3900 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)	
ID50 Oral Rat	6450 mg/kg
Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)	
IARC Group	3

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	> 5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

Persistence and Degradability

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)

BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
-------------------	----------------------

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG/IMDG

- 14.1. UN Number** Not regulated for transport
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name Not regulated for transport
14.3. Additional Information
Marine pollutant : No
Transport by Sea Not regulated for transport
Air Transport Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Naphthalenesulfonic acid, dinonyl-, calcium salt (57855-77-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

US State Regulations

Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
RTK - U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term	
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term	
Naphthalenesulfonic acid, dinonyl-, calcium salt (57855-77-3)	
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term	
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term	
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)	
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations	
U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Emission Levels (ELs)	


Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term
Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)
RTK - U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Long Term
U.S. - Texas - Effects Screening Levels - Short Term

Canadian Regulations

Ultimate Lubricating Fluid	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
	
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated light paraffinic (64742-55-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Naphthalenesulfonic acid, dinonyl-, calcium salt (57855-77-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) (471-34-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (64742-54-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Polytetrafluoroethylene (9002-84-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date	: 06/26/2015
Other Information	: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H350	May cause cancer

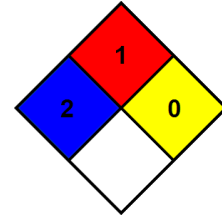
Ultimate Lubricating Fluid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

- NFPA Health Hazard** : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.
- NFPA Fire Hazard** : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.
- NFPA Reactivity** : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Starbrite®

Phone Number: (954)587-6280

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS